

Music Progression Map

	Strand						
Year Group	Musicianship: Understanding music	Listening: Appraisal	Singing	Playing Instruments/notation	Improvisation	Composition	
6	To know the key of D minor. To know the time signature of 6/8. To know semiquavers and their rests.	To know what a bridge is and its purpose. To justify a personal opinion about a piece of music with reference to Musical Elements. To know the features of salsa, soul and hip-hop music. To know what a double bass and cowbell look and sound like.	To sing expressively with attention to dynamics and articulation. Sing without an accompaniment. To lead a singing rehearsal.	To know what a semiquaver and their rests look like and what they mean. To read and respond to crotchets, dotted crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests. To know what a flat sign and a sharp sign look like.	To improvise over a groove, responding to the beat, volume and pitch.	To compose a piece of music that uses a range of dynamics and rhythmic variety. To create a simple melody using crotchets, dotted crotchets, quavers, semi-quavers and their rests.	
Year 6 Performing	Perform from memory or using notation in groups or solo to an unknown audience. Collect feedback from the audience and reflect. Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event.						
5	To know the key of A minor. To know the time signature of 2/4. To know quavers and their rests.	To know what a musical introduction is and its purpose. To justify a personal opinion about a piece of music. To know the features of orchestral, jazz and gospel music.	Sing expressively with attention to staccato and legato. Sing in more complex parts. To teach a small group a song.	To know what quavers and their rests looks like and what they mean. To read and respond to crotchets, dotted crotchets, quavers and their rests. To know what a 'time signature' is.	To improvise over a groove, responding to the beat and creating a satisfying melodic shape.	To consider structures withing compositions (E.g., intro, verse or chorus). To create a simple melody using crotchets, dotted crotchets, quavers and their rests.	

Year 5 Performing 4	Perform in groups and	formances – identifying the same its purpose. To suggest why a piece of music was written. To know the features of choral and electronic dance music. To know what a keyboard and a violin look and		To know what a dotted crotchet and their rests look like and what they mean. To read and respond to crotchets, dotted crotchets and their rests. To know what a 'treble clef' is.	To improvise over a simple groove.	To compose over a simple groove. To create a simple melody using crotchets, dotted crotchets and their rests.	
Year 4 Performing	Perform melodies while following notation. Reflect on the performance and how well it went.						
3	To know the key of C major. To know the time signature of 4/4. To know crochets and their rests.	To know what a chorus is and its purpose. To share thoughts and feelings about a piece of music. To know the features of musicals and baroque music. To know what a harpsichord and flute look and sound like.	Sing with attention to clear diction. Sing a solo. To know what a good singing posture is.	To know what crotchets and their rests look like and what they mean. To read and respond to crotchets and their rests. To know what a 'stave' is.	To improvise structured 'on-the-spot' musical ideas that have a beginning, middle and end.	To create a melody that has a beginning, middle and end. To create a simple melody using crotchets and their rests.	

Performing	Perform a well-rehear	sed piece with confidence.				
Year 2		To notice when the sound of the music changes (for example, chorus/verse). To talk about how music makes you feel. To know the features of marching band, rock and calypso music. To know what steel drums, bass guitar and trumpet look and sound like.		To draw/use symbols to represent long and short sounds. To experiment with short and long notes. To recognise music notation on a stave of five lines.	To understand the word 'improvise'. To create a musical conversation with a partner using the voice or an instrument.	To understand the word 'compose'. To choose their own instruments to tell a musical story. To create their own rhythm patterns using stick notation.
crionning	To remearse and perio	in to a well-know addience.				
L	To know the meaning of the words 'higher' and 'lower' in a musical context. To know the words 'faster' and 'slower' in a musical context.	To respond to a piece of music with appropriate comments and questions. To know the features of pop, lullaby and classical music. To know what a drum, guitar, piano and voice look and sound like.	Sing songs from memory. Sing in unison. To know that it is better to stand to sing.	To draw/use symbols to represent high and low sounds. To experiment with pitch. To experiment with speed.	To improvise using the voice or an instrument.	To create musical sound effects in response to a stimulus. To know that musical symbols have meaning and we can use these to make melodies.
Year 1 Performing	Enjoy and have fun pe Perform to a well-kno	- Carlotte				

EYFS	To notice differences between styles of	To move in time with music. (EAD)	Sing a range of well- known nursery	To know how to play instru To sort instruments accord	To create their own rhythmic patterns using		
	music.	To listen attentively. (CL) To express their ideas and feelings using full sentences. (CL) To feel the pulse in a piece of music.	rhymes and songs. (EAD)	To know the names of the instruments: triangle, wooden sounder, castanets and a beater. To know that instruments make different sounds.		pictures.	
EYFS Performing	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others. (EAD) Be confident to try new activities. (PSED)						
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